## Debriefing Guide

- 1. Listen to learners immediately following the scenario
- Move to debriefing location / assume debriefing posture
- 3. Remind everyone of ground rules
- 4. Start open-ended; allow decompression "What are your first thoughts?"
- **5.** Address first thoughts and any global distractors
- **6.** Frame the scenario to focus debriefing

- 7. Show a genuine interest in exploring actions together
- 8. Walk through objectives / critical actions using choice of technique (see reverse side for more information)
- **9.** Involve all learners
- 10. Involve co-debriefers and SPs as appropriate
- 11. Keep an eye on the time
- 12. Solicit learners "take-home points"



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## Debriefing Frameworks

## Advocacy / Observation / Inquiry

Advocate - "It's important to \_\_\_\_\_." - or - "Patients often benefit from \_\_\_\_." This reveals where you're going with your thoughts tied to a critical action or objective.

**Observe** - "I noticed that \_\_\_\_\_." This avoids learners needing to guess what you are seeing / thinking.

Inquire - "Tell me your thoughts regarding \_\_\_\_ (that moment / situation)" - or - "Tell me how you saw things evolving at that point." - or - "What do you typically do in your practice?" This is a genuine, authentic inquiry.

## Plus / Delta Technique

Plus - "With regards to \_\_\_\_\_, what do you think went well?"

Delta - "What would you do differently?"



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