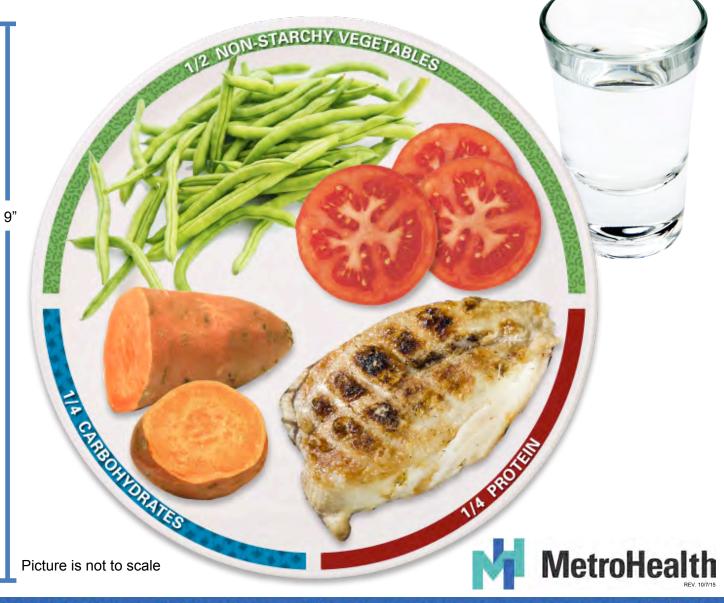
# MetroHealth's Healthy Plate for Healthy Weight

## **Healthy Eating Guidelines**

- Eat breakfast, lunch and dinner for fullness. This will protect you against snacking between meals.
- Drink water for thirst. Sugar free "0" calorie drinks may be used on occasion. Avoid sugared drinks like sweet teas, Koolaid, pop or juice.
- Use the Healthy Plate to plan your meals and make a grocery list. Buy only what's on your list.
- Shop on a full stomach. Know your "junk food" and leave it at the store.
- Bake, broil, boil, braise, roast or stir-fry using a spray oil. Avoid frying.
- Eat smaller portions and limit second helpings.



The Weight Loss Surgery & Weight Management Center | metrohealth.org/weight-management | 216-778-7433 Ambulatory Nutrition Services | metrohealth.org/nutrition | 216-778-7835

# NON-STARCHY VEGETABLES: Fill ½ of your plate with:

- Artichoke / Artichoke hearts Arugula Asparagus Baby Corn Beans: Green/Yellow varieties Beets Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage (all varieties) Carrots Cauliflower
- Celerv Cucumber Eggplant Greens (all varieties) Leeks Lettuce (all varieties) Mushrooms (all varieties) Okra Onions (all varieties) Parslev Pea pods: Snow/Sugar snap
- Peppers (all varieties) Radishes Spinach Sprouts (all varieties) Summer Squash: - Zucchini - Yellow - Crook neck - Spaghetti Tomato: raw or canned Turnips/ Rutabaga

CARBOHYDRATES: Fill 1/4 of your plate (one smaller section) with a serving from starchy

vegetables, grain or fruit.

#### Starchy vegetables:

Beans: Black/Kidney/ Pinto/ Lima Corn Lentils Parsnips Peas: Green/ Black-eyed Potatoes: Sweet/Yam/ White Squash: Acorn/Butternut/Pumpkin Soy: Edamame/Tofu

#### **Grains/Grain Products:**

Bread: Whole grain, high fiber Cereal: Whole grain, high fiber dry or cooked Brown Rice Quinoa Pasta: Whole grain

#### Fruit choices:

1 small piece of whole fruit <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Cup sliced fresh fruit <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Cup fruit canned/frozen, no added sugar

### **PROTEIN:** Fill <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of your plate (one small section).

#### **MEAT** (animal protein) Lean Poultry:

Skinless chicken or turkey (white meat preferred) 90% Lean Ground chicken / turkey breast Lean deli chicken or turkey\* Eggs/egg whites/egg substitute

#### Fish/Seafood:

Tuna\* Scallops/Shrimp Salmon Crab\* Cod Lobster\* Tilapia Halibut Catfish/Swai Sole Sardines\* Grouper

#### Lean Pork:

Tenderloin Center cut Pork chops, trim visible fat Canadian bacon\* Lean deli ham\*

#### Lean Beef:

Sirloin or Tenderloin 90% lean Ground beef Round Steak/Roast Lean deli roast beef\*

#### Dairy:

Cheese (low fat)\* Fat Free Milk Low fat cottage cheese\* Yogurt: Low fat low sugar. Greek Yogurt have 2X the protein

#### **MEATLESS** (plant protein)

Beans, starchy: black/kidney/pinto/lima Lentils Peas Veggie burger Soy: edamame, tofu

\* Higher sodium/less healthy option

Handout prepared, reviewed and approved by WLS&WMC and Ambulatory Nutrition. Overall recommendations consistent for a healthy blood pressure, cholesterol and blood sugar. Speak with your provider to see if this works for you. Data from USDA Nutrient Database, adapted from diabetes.org